TRICARE Pharmacy Program Medical Necessity Form for Tacrine (Cognex)

This form applies to the TRICARE Mail Order Pharmacy (TMOP) and the TRICARE Retail Pharmacy Program (TRRx) and may be found on the TRICARE Pharmacy website at www.tricare.osd.mil/pharmacy/medical-nonformulary.cfm. The medical necessity criteria outlined on this form also apply at Military Treatment Facilities (MTFs). The form must be completed and signed by the prescriber.

- Donepezil (Aricept), galantamine (Razadyne), memantine (Namenda), and rivastigmine (Exelon) are the Alzheimers
 medications on the DoD Uniform Formulary. Tacrine (Cognex) is non-formulary, but available to most beneficiaries at a \$22
 cost share.
- You do NOT need to complete this form in order for non-active duty beneficiaries (spouses, dependents, and retirees) to obtain Cognex at the \$22 non-formulary cost share. The purpose of this form is to provide information that will be used to determine if the use of tacrine instead of a formulary medication is medically necessary. If Cognex is determined to be medically necessary, nonactive duty beneficiaries may obtain it at the \$9 formulary cost share.
- Active duty service members may not fill prescriptions for a non-formulary medication unless it is determined to be medically necessary. There is no cost share for active duty service members at any DoD pharmacy point of service.

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4	Please indicate which of the reasons below (1-4) applies to each of the formulary alternatives listed in the table. You MUST circle a reason AND supply a written clinical explanation specific for EACH formulary alternative.			
	Formulary Alternative Re		Clinical Explanation	
	Donepezil (Aricept)	1 2 3 4		
	Rivastigmine (Exelon)	1 2 3 4		
	Galantamine (Razadyne)	1 2 3 4		
	Note: Namenda is not included in these criteria because it is used in a different patient population and not considered to be a formulary alternative for Cognex in most patients. The acetylcholinesterase inhibitors (Aricept, Cognex, Exelon, and Razadyne) are indicated for use in patients with mild to moderate Alzheimers, while Namenda is indicated for use in patients with moderate to severe Alzheimers.			
	Acceptable clinical reasons for not using a formulary alternative are:			
	1. The formulary alternative is contraindicated (e.g., due to a hypersensitivity reaction).			
	The patient has experienced or is likely to experience significant adverse effects (e.g., gastrointestinal adverse effects; drug interactions with concomitant medications) with the formulary alternative.			
	3. The formulary alternative resulted in therapeutic failure (i.e., no slowing in cognitive and/or functional decline).			
	4. The patient has previously responded to Cognex, is not experiencing hepatotoxicity, and is continually monitored for hepatotoxicity throughout the duration of therapy with Cognex, and changing to one of the formulary acetylcholinesterase inhibitors would incur unacceptable risk. Please explain in the space above.			
Sto		orrect and ac	ccurate to the best of my	knowledge. Please sign and date:
	Prescribe	Signature		 Date